

# BIKANER TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, BIKANER बीकानेर तकनीकी विश्वविद्यालय, बीकानेर OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS



# SCHEME & SYLLABUS OF B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))



Effective for the students admitted in year 2021-22 and onwards (with minor updation in the syllabus of Introduction to Cyber Security(3CY4-06) in July 2023)

Approved by ...... academic council meeting held on ......

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Office: Bikaner Technical University, Bikaner
Karni Industrial Area, Pugal Road, Bikaner-334004; Website: <a href="https://btu.ac.in">https://btu.ac.in</a>





OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

## Teaching & Examination Scheme B.Tech. II Year 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

Effective from Session 2021-22

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	F	Iour	'S		Marks		Credit
				L	Т	P	IA	ETE	Total	-
	THEORY									
1	UCB	3CY1-01	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
2	DC	3CY4-02	Digital Electronics	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
3	DC	3CY4-03	Data Structures and Algorithms	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
4	DC	3CY4-04	Object Oriented Programming Using C++	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
5	DC	3CY4-05	Software Engineering	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
6	DC	3CY4-06	Introduction to Cyber Security	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
		Su	ıb Total	18	0	0	180	420	600	18
			PRACTICAL & SESSION	ONA	<b>A</b> L					
7	DC	3CY4-21	Data Structures and Algorithms Lab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
8	DC	3CY4-22	Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Lab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
9	DC	3CY4-23	Linux and Shell Programming Lab	-	-	2	60	40	100	1
10	DC	3CY4-24	Digital Electronics Lab	-	-	2	60	40	100	1
11	UI	3CY7-30	Industrial Training (15 Days)	-	-	2	60	40	100	1
12	CCA	3CY8-00	SODECA / Co-Curricular Activity	-	-	-	-	100	100	1
	Sub Total				0	12	300	300	600	7
			Total	18	0	12	480	720	1200	25

L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical, IA = Internal Assessment, ETE = End Term Exam, Cr = Credits

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## Teaching & Examination Scheme B.Tech. 2<sup>nd</sup> Year – 4<sup>th</sup> Semester

Effective from Session 2021-22

S. No.	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours		Marks			Credit	
				L	T	P	IA	ETE	Total	
	THEORY									
1	1 UCB 4CY1-01 Discrete Mathematics 3 30 70 100 <b>3</b>									
2	DC	4CY4-02	Microprocessor and Interfaces	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
3	DC	4CY4-03	Theory of Computation	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
4	DC	4CY4-04	Database Management Systems	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
5	DC	4CY4-05	Introduction to Python Programming	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
6	DC	4CY4-06	Introduction to Java Programming	3	ı		30	70	100	3
		Sub	o Total	18	0	0	180	420	600	18
			PRACTICAL & SESSI	ION	AL					
7	DC	4CY4-21	Database Management Systems Lab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
8	DC	4CY4-22	Microprocessor and InterfacesLab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
9	DC	4CY4-23	Python Programming Lab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
10	DC	4CY4-24	Java Programming Lab	-	-	3	60	40	100	1.5
12	CCA	4CY7-00	SODECA / Co-Curricular Activity	-	-	-	-	100	100	1
	<u> </u>	Sul	b Total	0	0	12	240	260	500	7
					1100	25				

L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, = Practical, IA=Internal Assessment, ETE=End Term Exam, Cr=Credits

Approved by ....... academic council meeting held on ........

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### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester				
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))				
3CY1-01: Advanced Engineering Mathematics				
Credit: 3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)				
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours			

**Course Objectives**: This course aims to impart the knowledge of fundamental concepts in probability & statistics, optimization techniques and introduction to the field of numerical analysis.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1** Compute the discrete and continuous random variables, probability distributions, expectations, moments, MGF, mean and variances.
- **CO-2** Define and explain the different statistical distributions like Binomial, Poisson, Normal, Uniform, Exponential Distribution and to compute the method of least squares, correlation and regression.
- **CO-3** To apply the theory of optimization methods to develop and for solving various types of optimization problems.
- **CO-4** To make aware of the linear programming problem by solving techniques theoretically as well as applications of Linear Programming problem.
- **CO-5** To study the numerical interpolations for equal and unequal intervals, numerical differentiation, integration and solving ordinary differential equations by numerical methods.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Probability and Statistics-1: Discrete and Continuous random variables, Probability	4
	distribution function, Mathematical Expectations: Moments, Moment Generating Functions,	
	Mean and variance.	
2	Probability and Statistics-2: Binomial distribution, Poisson Distribution, Normal	9
	Distribution, Uniform Distribution, Exponential Distribution. Curve fitting, Correlation, Karl	
	Pearson's correlation coefficient, Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient. Lines of	
	Regression, Regression coefficients, Angle between lines of regression	
3	Optimization Techniques-1: Historical Development, Engineering applications of	8
	Optimization, Single variable Optimization, Multi variable Optimization with and without	
	constraints, Multivariable Optimization with equality constraintssolution by Hessian matrix	
	formulation and method of Lagrange multipliers, Multivariable Optimization with inequality	
	constraints - Kuhn-Tucker conditions.	
4	<b>Optimization Techniques-2:</b> Introduction to Linear Programming Problem, Simplex method,	9
	Big-M Method, Two Phase Method and Duality in Linear Programming. Application of Linear	
	Programming to Transportation and Assignment Problems.	
5	Numerical Methods: Finite differences and operators, Interpolation by using Newton's	10
	forward and backward difference formula, Gauss's forward and backward interpolation	
	formula, Stirling's formula, Newton's divided difference and Lagrange's interpolation for	
	unequal intervals. Numerical Differentiation. Numerical integration by Trapezoidal rule and	
	Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations by Euler	
	method, modified Euler's method, Runge- Kutta method of fourth order and Milne's PC	
	methods.	
	Total	40

- R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Fifth Edition, Narosa Publishing House, (2016).
- H.K. Dass, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 22nd Edition, S. Chand, (2018).
- S.S.Rao, Engineering Optimization: Theory and practice, New Age International (P) Limited, (2009).
- H A Taha, Operations Research: An Introduction, 10th Edition, Pearson Education India, (2017).



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- G. Hadley, Linear programming, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, (2002).
- Sheldon M. Ross, Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Academic Press, (2009).
- K. E. Atkinson, An Introduction to Numerical Analysis (2nd edition), Wiley-India, (1989)





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester				
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))				
3CY4-02: Digital Electronics				
Credit: 3	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)			
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours			

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To present a problem oriented introductory knowledge of Digital circuits and its applications.
- 2. To focus on the study of electronic circuits.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Have a thorough understanding of the fundamental concepts and techniques used in digital electronics.
- **CO2:** To understand and examine the structure of various number systems and its application in digital design.
- CO3: The ability to understand, analyze and design various combinational and sequential circuits.
- **CO4:** Ability to identify basic requirements for a design application and propose a cost-effective solution.

**CO5:** The ability to identify and prevent various hazards and timing problems in a digital design.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Introduction: Objective, Scope and Outcome of the course	1
2	Number System, Codes and Logic Gates: Arithmetic of Nonconventional Number System,	8
	Weighted Codes, Binary codes, Code Conversion, Error Correction/Detection Codes, BCD	
	codes, Fixed point & floating-point Number System. Basic, Exclusive and Universal Gates.	
3	Logic Simplification and Minimization Techniques: Review of Boolean Algebra and De	7
	Morgan's Theorem, SOP & POS forms, Canonical forms, Karnaugh maps up to 6 variables,	
	Tabulation Method.	
4	Combinational Logic Circuits Design: Half and Full Adders, Subtractors, Serial and Parallel	8
	Adders, BCD Adder, Magnitude Comparators, Multiplexers, Encoder, Decoder, Driver &	
	Multiplexed Display, Logic Implementation using combination blocks.	
5	<b>Sequential Logic Circuits Design:</b> Building blocks like S-R, JK and Master-Slave JK FF,	9
	Edge triggered FF, Ripple and Synchronous counters, Shift registers, Finite state machines,	
	Design of Synchronous FSM, FSM Minimization, Algorithmic State Machines charts.	
	Designing synchronous circuits like Pulse train generator, Pseudo Random Binary Sequence	
	generator, Clock generation, Asynchronous FSM	
6	Logic Families: TTL NAND gate, Specifications, Noise margin, Propagation delay, fan-in,	7
	fan-out, Tristate TTL, ECL, CMOS families and their electrical behavior	
	Total	40

### **Suggested Books:**

- M. Morris Mano: Digital Design, Third Edition, Prentice Hall
- R. P. Jain: Modern Digital Electronics, Third Edition, TMH
- Taub and Schilling: Digital Integrated Electronics, McGraw HILL
- Sandige: Digital concept Using standard ICs
- R. J. Tocci: Digital Systems: Principles and Applications, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall
- Z. Kohavi, Switching and Finite Automata Theory, McGraw Hill,1970.

### **Suggested Books:**

• Digital Circuits SWAYAM NPTEL COURSE, By Prof. Santanu Chattopadhyay (IIT Kharagpur), https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19\_ee51/preview





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester				
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))				
3CY4-03: Data Structures and Algorithms				
Credit: 3	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)			
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours			

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms.
- 2. To differentiate linear and non-linear data structures and the operations upon them.
- 3. Ability to perform sorting and searching in a given set of data items.
- 4. To comprehend the necessity of time complexity in algorithms.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Understanding the fundamental analysis and time complexity for a given problem.
- **CO2:** Articulate linear & non data structures and legal operations permitted on them.
- **CO3:** Applying a suitable algorithm for searching and sorting.
- CO4: Understanding graph algorithms, operations, and applications and the importance of hashing.

**CO5:** Application of appropriate data structures to find solutions to practical problems.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to Algorithms and Analysis:</b> Fundamentals of algorithm analysis, Space and time complexity of an algorithm, Types of asymptotic notations and orders of growth, Algorithm efficiency – best case, worst case, average case, Analysis of non-recursive and recursive algorithms.	8
2	<b>Linear Data Structures:</b> Array- 1D and 2D array, Stack - Applications of stack: Expression Evaluation - Conversion of Infix to postfix and prefix expression, Tower of Hanoi. Queue - Types of Queues: Circular Queue, Double Ended Queue (deQueue), Applications - Priority Queue using Arrays - List - Singly linked lists - Doubly linked lists - Circular linked lists, Applications -Polynomial Addition/Subtraction	8
3	<b>Sorting and Search Techniques:</b> Sorting Algorithms: Basic concepts, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort, Shell Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, Counting Sort, External Sorting, Internal Sorting, Stable & Unstable Sorting. Searching: Linear Search, Binary Search.	8
4	<b>Trees:</b> Terminology, Binary Tree – Terminology and Properties, Tree Traversals, Expression Trees – Binary Search Trees – operations in BST – insertion, deletion, Searching. AVL Trees-Insertion, deletion and Rotation in AVL Trees	7
5	Graphs & Hashing: Basic definition and Terminology – Representation of Graph – Graph Traversal: Breadth First Search (BFS), Depth First Search (DFS) - Minimum Spanning Tree: Prim's, Kruskal's- Single Source Shortest Path: Dijkstra's Algorithm. Hashing: Introduction, open hashing-separate chaining, closed hashing - linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, random probing, rehashing, Recent Trends in Data Structures and Algorithms	9
	Total	40

- Thomas H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R L.Rivest and C. Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, Third edition, MIT Press, 2009.
- Ellis Horowitz, S. Sahni, Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C",2nd edition,2015.
- Y. Langsam, M. J. Augenstein and A. M. Tanenbaum, —Data Structures using C, Pearson Education Asia, 2004.
- Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures, Schaum's Outlines Series, Tata McGraw-Hill
- Vishal Goyal, Lalit Goyal and Pawan Kumar, Simplified approach to Data Structures, Shroff publications and Distributors.





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	III Semester			
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))				
3CY4-04: Object Oriented Programming using C++				
Credit: 3	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)			
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours			

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To develop a problem-solving approach using object-oriented programming paradigms.
- 2. To learn basic concepts and structure syntax of OOP using C++.
- 3. To learn & implement robust programming using error handling techniques.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1**: Understand the requirement and benefits of object-oriented programming languages.
- CO2: Understand basic concepts & structure of object-oriented programming language using C++.
- **CO3**: Understand the memory management in object-oriented paradigm.
- CO4: Understand and implement polymorphism using different ways such as function and operator overloading.

**CO5**: Learn and implement exception handling mechanism for robust software development in C++.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Introduction OOP, Procedural Vs. Object Oriented Programming, Principles of	7
	OOP, Benefits and applications of OOP. Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers,	
	variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures, Operators, array and	
	pointer.	
2	<b>Abstraction mechanism:</b> Classes, private, public, constructors, destructors, member data,	7
	member functions, inline function, friend functions, static members, and references.	
	<b>Inheritance</b> : Class hierarchy, derived classes, single inheritance, multiple, multilevel, hybrid	
	inheritance, role of virtual base class, constructor and destructor execution, base initialization	
	using derived class constructors.	
3	Polymorphism: Binding, Static binding, Dynamic binding, Static polymorphism: Function	7
	Overloading, Ambiguity in function overloading, Dynamic polymorphism: Base class pointer,	
	object slicing, late binding, method overriding with virtual functions, pure virtual functions,	
	abstract classes	
4	<b>Operator Overloading:</b> This pointer, applications of this pointer, Operator function, member	7
	and nonmember operator function, operator overloading, I/O operators. Exception handling:	
	Try, throw, and catch, exceptions and derived classes, function exception declaration,	
	unexpected exceptions, exception when handling exceptions, resource capture and release.	
5	Memory Management: Dynamic memory management, new and delete operators, object	5
	copying, copy constructor, assignment operator, virtual destructor.	
6	<b>Template:</b> template classes, template functions. Standard Template Library: Fundamental	7
	idea about string, iterators, hashes, iostreams and other types. Namespaces: user defined	
	namespaces, namespaces provided by library. Object Oriented Design, design and	
	programming, role of classes.	
	Total	40

- Paul Deitel & Harvey Deitel, C++ How to Program, 10th edition, ISBN 9780134448237, Pearson Education
- Robert Lafore, Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd
- Herbert Schlitz, C++: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill Education India
- Balagurusamy, Object Oriented Programming With C++, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education India





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III Semester				
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))				
3CY4-05: Software Engineering				
Credit:3	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)			
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours			

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Provide innovative solutions using technical skills in their discipline
- 2. Communicate effectively, demonstrate leadership, and work collaboratively in diverse teams/organizations

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

**CO1:** Identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics.

**CO2:** Apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors.

**CO3:** Communicate effectively with a range of audiences.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Unit I : Introduction	8
	Introduction, software life-cycle models, software requirements specification, formal	
	requirements specification, verification and validation.	
2	Unit II: Software Project Management	8
	Software Project Management: Objectives, Resources and their estimation, LOC and	
	FP estimation, effort estimation, COCOMO estimation model, risk analysis, software	
	project scheduling.	
3	Unit III: Requirement Analysis	8
	Requirement Analysis: Requirement analysis tasks, Analysis principles. Software	
	prototyping and specification data dictionary, Finite State Machine (FSM) models.	
	Structured Analysis: Data and control flow diagrams, control and process specification	
	behavioral modeling	
4	Unit IV: Software Design	8
	Software Design: Design fundamentals, Effective modular design: Data architectural	
	and procedural design, design documentation.	
5	Unit V: Object Oriented Analysis	8
	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented Analysis Modeling, Data modeling. Object	
	Oriented Design: OOD concepts, Class and object relationships, object modularization,	
	Introduction to Unified Modeling Language	
	Total	40

- Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach by Roger S. Pressman, McGraw-Hill International edition.
- An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, by Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House.
- Software Engineering by Ian Sommerville, Addison-Wesley.
- Fundamentals of Software Engineering Rajib Mall, PHI Learning; 5th edition





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III Semester	
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))	
3CY4-06: Introduction to Cyber Security	
(Applicable for students admitted in year 2021 only)	
Credit:3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)	
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours

### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basics of computer, network and information security.
- To study operating system security and malwares.
- To acquaint with security issues in internet protocols.
- To analyze the system for vulnerabilities.

### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- Use cryptographic techniques in secure application development.
- Apply methods for authentication, access control, intrusion detection and prevention.
- To apply the scientific method for security assessment.
- To develop computer forensics awareness.

S. No.	Contents	
1	Security Fundamentals:	
	An Overview of Information Security: The Basic Components, Threats, Policy and	
	Mechanism, Assumptions and Trust, Assurance, Operational Issues, Human Issues, Security	
	nomenclature.	
	Access Control Matrix, Security Policies: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability Policies	
	and Hybrid Policies, OS Security	
2	Modular Arithmetic and Cryptography Basics:	7
	Modular Arithmetic: Modular Arithmetic Notations, Modular Arithmetic Operations,	
	Euclid's method of finding GCD, The extended Euclid's algorithm.	
	Cryptography: Classical encryption techniques, Block and Chain ciphers, Data Encryption	
	Standard, Advanced Encryption Standard, RC5	
3	Advanced Cryptography:	7
	Chinese Remainder Theorem and its implication in Cryptography, Diffie-Hellman key	
	exchange algorithm, RSA algorithm, Elgamal Arithmetic, Elliptic Curve Cryptography,	
	Message Digest and Cryptographic Hash Functions, MD5 and SHA-1, Digital Signatures and	
	Authentication.	
4	Issues in Security Management and Cyber Laws	7
	Overview, Risk identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Control Strategies, Quantitative vs.	
	Qualitative Risk Control Practices. Risk Management. Laws and Ethics in Information	
	Security, Codes of Ethics, Protecting programs and data	
	Cybercrime and Information security, Classification of Cybercrimes, Computer Ethics and	
	Security Policies, The legal perspectives- Indian perspective, Global perspective, Categories	
	of Cybercrime, Types of Attacks, a Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cloud Computing	
5	and Cybercrime	7
3	<b>Key Management and Secure Communication:</b> Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), X.509 Certificate, Needham Schroeder algorithm and	/
	Kerberos. IP Security: IPv6 and IPSec, Web Security: SSL, HTTPS, Mail Security: PGP,	
	S/MIME . Firewall : Different Types and Functionalities	
6	Attacks, Malicious Logic and Countermeasures	7
U	Phishing, Password Cracking, Key-loggers and Spywares, Types of Virus, Worms, DoS and	,
	DDoS, injection, Buffer Overflow, Spyware, Adware and Ransomware. Antivirus and other	
	security measures Intrusion Detection System : IDS fundamentals, Different types of IDS.	
	Intrusion Prevention.	





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Total 40

- 1. William Stallings, Computer Security: Principles and Practices, Pearson 6 Ed, ISBN 978-0-13-335469-0
- 2. Bernard L. Menezes, Ravinder Kumar, Cryptography, Network Security, and Cyber Laws 1st Edition, Cengage India Private Limited, ISBN 9789386858948
- 3. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, Cyber Security- Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiely India Pvt.Ltd, ISBN- 978-81-265-2179-1
- 4. Bruice Schneier, Applied Cryptography- Protocols, Algorithms and Source code in C, Algorithms, Wiely India Pvt Ltd, 2nd Edition, ISBN 978-81-265-1368-0.
- 5. CK Shyamala et el., Cryptography and Security, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, ISBN-978-81-265-2285-9.
- 6. Berouz Forouzan, Cryptography and Network Security, TMH, 2 edition, ISBN -978-00-707-0208-0.
- 7. Mark Merkow, Information Security-Principles and Practices, Pearson Ed., ISBN- 978-81-317-1288-7.





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### **III Semester**

### B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))

**3CY4-06: Introduction to Cyber Security** 

(Updated Syllabus – updated in July 2023)

(Applicable for students admitted in year 2022 and onwards)

Credit:3	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours

### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the basics of computer, network and information security.
- To study operating system security and malwares.
- To acquaint with security issues in internet protocols.
- To analyze the system for vulnerabilities.

### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- Use cryptographic techniques in secure application development.
- Apply methods for authentication, access control, intrusion detection and prevention.
- To apply the scientific method for security assessment.
- To develop computer forensics awareness.
- Understand the basic concepts of cyber security and cyber crimes.
- Understand the security policies and cyber laws

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Security Fundamentals:	5
	An Overview of Information Security: The Basic Components, Threats, Policy and Mechanism, Assumptions and Trust, Assurance, Operational Issues, Human Issues, Security nomenclature.  Access Control Matrix, Security Policies: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability Policies and Hybrid Policies, OS Security	
2	Modular Arithmetic and Cryptography Basics:	5
	Modular Arithmetic: Modular Arithmetic Notations, Modular Arithmetic Operations, Cryptography: Classical encryption techniques, Block and Chain ciphers, Data Encryption Standard	
3	Introduction to Cyber Crime: Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes, A Global Perspective on Cybercrimes, Cybercrime Era: Survival Mantra for the Netizens. Cyberoffenses: How Criminals Plan Them: How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyberstalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes, Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector, Cloud Computing.	7
4	Introduction to Security Policies and Cyber Laws:  Overview of Risk identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Control Strategies, Quantitative vs. Qualitative Risk Control Practices.  Need for An Information Security Policy, Information Security Standards – ISO, Introducing Various Security Policies and Their Review Process, Introduction to Indian Cyber Law, Objective and Scope of the IT Act, 2000, Intellectual Property Issues, Overview of Intellectual Property Related Legislation in India, Patent, Copyright, Law Related to Semiconductor Layout and Design, Software License	7
5	Key Management and Secure Communication: Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), X.509 Certificate,	7





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	Total	40
	Intrusion Prevention.	
	security measures Intrusion Detection System : IDS fundamentals, Different types of IDS.	
	DDoS, injection, Buffer Overflow, Spyware, Adware and Ransomware. Antivirus and other	
	Phishing, Password Cracking, Key-loggers and Spywares, Types of Virus, Worms, DoS and	
6	Attacks, Malicious Logic and Countermeasures	7
	Firewall : Different Types and Functionalities	
	IP Security: IPv6 and IPSec, Web Security: SSL, HTTPS, Mail Security: PGP, S/MIME	

- 1. William Stallings, Computer Security: Principles and Practices, Pearson 6 Ed, ISBN 978-0-13-335469-0
- Bernard L. Menezes, Ravinder Kumar, Cryptography, Network Security, and Cyber Laws 1st Edition, Cengage India Private Limited, ISBN 9789386858948
- 3. Nina Godbole, SunitBelapure, Cyber Security- Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiely India Pvt.Ltd, ISBN- 978-81-265-2179-1
- 4. BruiceSchneier, Applied Cryptography- Protocols, Algorithms and Source code in C, Algorithms, Wiely India Pvt Ltd, 2nd Edition, ISBN 978-81-265-1368-0.
- 5. CK Shyamala et el., Cryptography and Security, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, ISBN-978-81-265-2285-9.
- 6. BerouzForouzan, Cryptography and Network Security, TMH, 2 edition, ISBN -978-00-707-0208-0.
- 7. Mark Merkow, Information Security-Principles and Practices, Pearson Ed., ISBN-978-81-317-1288-7.
- 8. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, Publish Date 2013.
- 9. Dr. Surya PrakashTripathi, RitendraGoyal, Praveen Kumar Shukla, KLSI. "Introduction to information security and cyber laws". Dreamtech Press. ISBN: 9789351194736, 2015.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester	
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))	
3CY4-21: Data Structures and Algorithms Lab	
Credit:1.5 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+0T+ 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To implement an algorithm for a problem and analyze its time and space complexity.
- 2. To implement the algorithm for Searching (Linear and Binary).
- 3. To implement the algorithms for the different types of sorting.
- 4. To implement algorithms for different type of sorting and compare their performance in terms of the space and time complexity

### **Prerequisites:** Computer Programming knowledge.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

CO1: Be able to design and analyze the time and space efficiency of the data structure.

CO2: Understand the concept of static & Dynamic memory management

**CO3**: Be capable to identity the appropriate data structure for given problem.

**CO4:** Have practical knowledge on the applications of data structures

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

- 1. Write a program to find the mean and the median of the numbers stored in an array.
- 2. Write a program to insert one element in an array and delete an element from an- array.
- 3. Write a program to Linear & Binary search for a number in an array.
- 4. Write a program to store the marks obtained by 10 students in 5 courses in a two-dimensional array.
- 5. Write a program to implement single linked list, including insertion, deletion and searching in the linked list.
- 6. Write a program to print the elements of a linked list in reverse order without disturbing the linked list.
- 7. Write a program to reverse a linked list.
- 8. Write a program to add two polynomials using linked lists.
- 9. Write a program to implement a doubly linked list including insertion, deletion and searching in the linked list.
- 10. Write a program to implement a stack using an array and linked list.
- 11. Write a program to implement a queue using an array and linked list.
- 12. Write a program to implement a circular queue using an array.
- 13. Write a program to implement a priority queue using a linked list.
- 14. Write a program to implement a double-ended queue using a linked list.
- 15. Write a program to implement different types of sorting. (Bubble, Insertion, Quick, Selection, Merge, Heap)
- 16. Write a program to construct a binary tree and display its preorder, inorder and postorder traversals.
- 17. Write a program to perform insertion, deletion and searching in Binary Search Tree.
- 18. Write a program to construct a graph.
- 19. Write a program to calculate the distance between two vertices in a graph.
- 20. Write a program to calculate the distances between every pair of vertices in a
- 21. graph.
- 22. Write a program to construct a minimal spanning tree of a graph.

- Thomas H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R L.Rivest and C. Stein, Introduction to Algorithms , Third edition, MIT Press, 2009.
- Ellis Horowitz, S. Sahni, Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C",2nd edition,2015.
- Y. Langsam, M. J. Augenstein & A. M. Tanenbaum, Data Structures using C, Pearson Edu. Asia, 2004.
- Data Structures Lipshutz TMH





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester	
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))	
3CY4-22: Object Oriented Programming using C++ Lab	
Credit: 1.5 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+0T+ 3P	0L+0T+3P

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To develop programs in C++ using object-oriented programming paradigms.
- 2. To design class, object using syntax of C++.
- 3. To learn & implement all object-oriented mechanism (Encapsulation, Polymorphism, Inheritance, Abstraction) using C++.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

**CO-1:** Hands on practice of basic C++ syntax.

**CO-2:** Hands on practice of class, object and abstraction.

**CO3:** Hands on practice of inheritance using class hierarchy.

**CO4:** Hands on practice of function and operator overloading, Templates.

**CO5:** Hands on practice of exception handling mechanism for robust software development in C++.

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

Note: Following is a tentative list of experiments covering the syllabus of Object-Oriented Programming using C++. Instructor may add more assignments to the suggested list of experiments covering entire syllabus of Object-Oriented Programming using C++.

- 1. Write a program that reads in two integers and determines and prints if the first is a multiple of the second.
- 2. Write a program that reads in the size of the side of a square and then prints a hollow square of that size out of asterisks and blanks. Your program should work for squares of all side sizes between 1 and 20. For example, if your program reads a size of 5, it should print

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\* \*

- 3. Write a program that reads in a five-digit integer and determines whether it is a palindrome.
- 4. Write a program that computes the value of  $e^x$  by using the formula

$$e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

- 5. Write a program that defines four functions to round a number x in various ways:
  - a. roundToInteger( number )
  - b. roundToTenths( number )
  - c. roundToHundredths( number )
  - d. roundToThousandths( number )

For each value read, your program should print the original value, the number rounded to the nearest integer, the number rounded to the nearest tenth, the number rounded to the nearest hundredth and the number rounded to the nearest thousandth.

- 6. Write a function *gcd* that returns the greatest common divisor of two integers.
- 7. Write a program to solve the Towers of Hanoi problem. Use a recursive function with four parameters:
  - a. The number of disks to be moved
  - b. The peg on which these disks are initially threaded
  - c. The peg to which this stack of disks is to be moved





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- d. The peg to be used as a temporary holding area
- 8. Write a program that inputs a line of text, tokenizes the line with function **strtok** and outputs the tokens in reverse order. (e.g. for input "Hello dear students" output will be "students" "dear" "Hello")
- 9. Create a class called Complex for performing arithmetic with complex numbers. Write a driver program to test your class. Complex numbers have the form *realPart* + *imaginaryPart* \* *i*

Provide public member functions for each of the following:

- a) *Addition* of two Complex numbers: The real parts are added together and the imaginary parts are added together.
- b) *Subtraction* of two Complex numbers: The real part of the right operand is subtracted from the real part of the left operand and the imaginary part of the right operand is subtracted from the imaginary part of the left operand. c) *Printing Complex numbers* in the form (a, b) where a is the real part and b is the imaginary part.
- 10. Implement overloading of *operator*+ to allow operations such as *string1* = *string2* + *string3*
- 11. Consider class Complex in problem 9,
  - a) Modify the class to enable input and output of complex numbers through the *overloaded* >> *and* << *operators*, respectively
  - b) *Overload the multiplication operator* to enable multiplication of two complex numbers as in algebra.
  - c) Overload the == and != operators to allow comparisons of complex numbers
- 12. Write a program to develop hierarchy of inheritance for the properties of shapes and their relevant functions.
  - e.g. Shapes→2D/3D, 2D→ellipse→circle|rectangle→square and expand it for 3D accordingly.
- 13. Write a simple function template for predicate function *isEqualTo* that compares its two arguments with the equality operator (==) and returns true if they are equal and false if they are not equal. Use this function template in a program that calls *isEqualTo* only with a variety of built-in types. Now write a separate version of the program that calls *isEqualTo* with a user defined class type, but does not overload the equality operator.
- 14. Use inheritance to create a base exception class and various derived exception classes. Then show that a catch handler specifying the base class can catch derived-class exceptions.
- 15. Write a program which shows that all destructors for objects constructed in a block are called before an exception is thrown from that block.
- 16. Write a program that shows a constructor passing information about constructor failure to an exception handler after a try block.

- Paul Deitel & Harvey Deitel, C++ How to Program, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, ISBN 9780134448237, Pearson Education
- Robert Lafore, Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd
- Herbert Schlitz, C++: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill Education India
- Balagurusamy, Object Oriented Programming With C++, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education India





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester	
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))	
3CY4-23: Linux and Shell Programming Lab	
Credit:1 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+0T+ 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To make familiar with open-source operating system, command line interface, basic commands of Unix/Linux
- 2. To able to write scripts containing various built-in commands of UNIX/Linux
- 3. To able to write simple scripts using concepts of control structures of shell programming
- 4. To able to write basic and advance level of scripts with loops, functions, arrays, etc

### **Prerequisites:** Computer Programming knowledge.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

**CO1:** To experiment with various basic commands, redirection and input/output of UNIX based operating systems.

CO2: To develop shell scripts for various built-in commands of UNIX

**CO3:** To experiment with fundamental concepts of programming like loops, conditions, operators etc specific to Shell Programming.

**CO4:** To develop shell scripts to perform tasks varying from simple to complex level.

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

- 1. Use of Basic Unix Shell Commands: ls, mkdir, rmdir, cd, cat, banner, touch, file, wc, sort, cut, grep, dd, dfspace, du, ulimit.
- 2. Commands related to inode, I/O redirection and piping, process control commands, mails.
- 3. Shell Programming: Shell script based on control structure- If-then-fi, if-thenelse-if, nested if-else, to find:
  - 3.1 Greatest among three numbers.
  - 3.2 To find a year is leap year or not.
  - 3.3 To input angles of a triangle and find out whether it is valid triangle or not.
  - 3.4 To check whether a character is alphabet, digit or special character.
  - 3.5 To calculate profit or loss.
- 4. Shell Programming Looping- while, until, for loops
  - 4.1 Write a shell script to print all even and odd number from 1 to 10.
  - 4.2 Write a shell script to print table of a given number
  - 4.3 Write a shell script to calculate factorial of a given number.
  - 4.4 Write a shell script to print sum of all even numbers from 1 to 10.
  - 4.5 Write a shell script to print sum of digit of any number.
- 5. Shell Programming case structure, use of break
  - 5.1 Write a shell script to make a basic calculator which performs addition, subtraction, Multiplication, division
  - 5.2 Write a shell script to print days of a week.
  - 5.3 Write a shell script to print starting 4 months having 31 days.
- 6. Shell Programming Functions
  - 6.1 Write a shell script to find a number is Armstrong or not.
  - 6.2 Write a shell script to find a number is palindrome or not.
  - 6.3 Write a shell script to print Fibonacci series.
  - 6.4 Write a shell script to find prime number.
  - 6.5 Write a shell script to convert binary to decimal and decimal to binary
- 7. Write a shell script to print different shapes- Diamond, triangle, square, rectangle, hollow square etc.
- 8. Shell Programming Arrays
  - 8.1 Write a Shell script to read and print elements of array.





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- 8.2 Write a Shell script to find sum of all array elements.
- 8.3 Write a Shell script to find reverse of an array.
- 8.4 Write a Shell script to search an element in an array.
- 8.5 Write a Shell script to sort array elements in ascending or descending order.

- Thomas H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R L.Rivest and C. Stein, Introduction to Algorithms , Third edition, MIT Press, 2009.
- Ellis Horowitz, S. Sahni, Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C",2nd edition,2015.
- Y. Langsam, M. J. Augenstein and A. M. Tanenbaum, —Data Structures using C, Pearson Education Asia, 2004.
- Data Structures Lipshutz TMH





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

III Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
3CY4-24: Digital Electronics Lab		
Credit:1	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+0T+ 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

To present a problem oriented introductory knowledge of Digital circuits and its applications. To focus on the study of electronic circuits.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

CO1: Understand different Number systems, Codes, Logic Gates, Boolean laws & theorems.

**CO2:** Simplify the Boolean functions to the minimum number of literals.

**CO3:** Design & implement different types of combinational logic circuits using Logic gates.

CO4: Design & implement different types of sequential logic circuits using Flip Flops.

CO5: Design & implement different types of Counters, Registers, and Programmable Logic Devices.

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

- 1. Realization of Basic/ Exclusive Logic Gates using Universal Logic Gate.
- 2. Verification of operation of Full Adder and Full Subtractor.
- 3. Design & verification of 4-bit binary adder/subtractor using binary adder IC.
- 4. Realization of operation of full adder and full subtractor using IC 74151/74153 MUX.
- 5. Design & verification of full adder and full subtractor using an inverted output 3 to 8 line decoder.
- 6. Design and verification of operation of a BCD Adder using IC 7483.
- 7. Realization of 4 X 1 MUX using basic gates.
- 8. Verification of operation of BCD to Seven segment code conversion using IC 7447.
- 9. Verification of Truth Tables of SR & D Flip flops.
- 10. Verification of Truth Tables of Master Slave JK Flip-Flop.
- 11. Design of BCD ripple counter.
- 12. Design of Universal Shift Register.
- 13. Logic implementation using programmable Devices (ROM, PLA, FPGA)

- M. Morris Mano: Digital Design, Third Edition, Prentice Hall
- R. P. Jain: Modern Digital Electronics, Third Edition, TMH
- Taub and Schilling: Digital Integrated Electronics, McGraw HILL
- Sandige: Digital concept Using standard ICs
- R. J. Tocci: Digital Systems: Principles and Applications, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall
- Z. Kohavi, Switching and Finite Automata Theory, McGraw Hill, 1970.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester	
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))	
4 CS1-01: Discrete Mathematics	
Credit:3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)	
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To understand the concepts of mathematical logic, sets, relations and functions.
- 2. To understand generating functions and recurrence relations.
- 3. To understand combinatorial mathematics.
- 4. To identify the basic properties of graphs and trees.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Understand the language of logic.
- **CO-2:** Understand the concept of sets, relations, functions and counting principles.
- **CO-3:** Understand different terminologies and theorems of Graph Theory.
- CO-4: Understand Algebraic Structures.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Propositional Logic</b> : Propositions and compound Propositions, Basic logical operations, truth	6
	tables, tautologies, Contradictions, Algebra of Proposition, logical implications, logical	
	equivalence, Normal forms, predicates and quantifiers, Rules of Inference.	
	<b>Theorem proving Techniques:</b> Mathematical induction, Introduction to Proofs, Methods of	
	proof.	
2	<b>Set Theory</b> : Definition of sets, countable and uncountable sets, Set operations, Partition of set,	8
	Cardinality (Inclusion-Exclusion & Addition Principles) Venn Diagrams, proofs of some	
	general identities on sets.	
	<b>Relation</b> : Definition, types of relation, composition of relations, Equivalence relation, Partial	
	ordering relation. <b>Function</b> : Definition, type of functions, one to one, into and onto function, inverse function,	
	composition of functions, recursively defined functions.	
	Posets, Hasse Diagram and Lattices: Introduction, ordered set, Hasse diagrams of partially	
	ordered set, isomorphic ordered set, well ordered set, properties of lattices, bounded and	
	complemented lattices.	
3	Combinatorics: The Basics of Counting, The Pigeonhole Principle, Permutations and	8
	Combinations, Binomial Coefficients and Identities.	
	Recurrence Relation and Generating Function: Introduction to Recurrence Relation and	
	Recursive algorithms, linear recurrence relations with constant coefficients, Homogeneous	
	solution, Particular solution, Total solution, Generating functions, Solution by method of	
	generating functions.	
4	Graph Theory: Graphs and Multi-graphs, Degree of a vertex, Paths connectivity, Walks,	10
	Paths, Cycles, Bipartite, Regular, Planar and connected graphs, Components, Euler graphs,	
	Euler's theorem, Hamiltonian path and circuits, Graph coloring, chromatic number,	
	isomorphism and homomorphism of graphs. Trees, properties of trees, pendant vertices in	
	trees, Degree sequences in trees, Rooted and Binary Trees, Minimal Spanning Trees.	-
5	Algebraic Structures: Definition, Properties, types: Semi Groups, Monoid, Groups, Abelian	8
	group, Properties of groups, Subgroup, cyclic group, Permutation group, Cosets, Normal	
	subgroup, Quotient Group, Homomorphism and isomorphism of Groups, example and	
	standard results.	40
	Total	40

### **Suggested Books:**

• Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its applications, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. Tata McGraw Hill (2012).



# BIKANER TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, BIKANER बीकानेर तकनीकी विश्वविद्यालय, बीकानेर OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS



- C. L. Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, 2nd Ed., Tata Mc-Graw Hill (2005).
- Kolman, Busby and Ross, Discrete Mathematical Structures, 6th Ed. PHI (2009).
- Narsingh Deo, Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Sciences, PHI (2020).
- Murry R. Spiegel, Discrete Mathematics (Schaums Outline series), Tata McGraw Hill (2009).
- I.N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, Wiley (2022).





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-02: Microprocessor and Interfaces		
Credit:3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Demonstrate the various features of microprocessor, memory and I/O devices including concepts of system bus.
- 2. Identify the hardware elements of 8085 microprocessor including architecture and pin functions and programming model including registers, instruction set and addressing modes.
- 3. Select appropriate 8085 instructions based on size and functions to write a given assembly language program.
- 4. Design a given interfacing system using concepts of memory and I/O interfacing.
- 5. Demonstrate the features of advance microprocessors.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Basic understanding of 8085 microprocessor, timing diagram and memory mapping.
- CO2: Understand ISA for 8085 and also How to design ISA for some other microprocessors.
- CO3: Write basic program in assembly language and concept of other Programmable peripheral devices.
- **CO4:** Interface I/O devices, interrupt controller and DMA.
- **CO5:** Basic understanding of design ISA and further design their own processor.

S. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Introduction: Objective, Scope and Outcome of the course	1
2	Introduction and architecture of 8085: Microprocessor Architecture & Operations, Memory,	7
	I/O Device, Memory and I/O Operations, , Address, Data And Control Buses, Pin Functions,	
	concept of multiplexing and de-multiplexing of buses, Generation Of Control Signals,	
	Instruction Cycle, Machine Cycles, T-States, Memory Interfacing.	
3	Instruction set and assembly language programming: Introduction to 8085	8
	assembly language programming, Instruction Set, Addressing modes, Data transfer,	
	arithmetic, logical, branch, stack and machine control groups of instruction set, macro	
	RTL and micro RTL flow chart of instructions, Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic	
	and 16-Bit Data operations	
4	Interfacing with I/O Devices: Interfacing Concepts, Ports, Interfacing of I/O Devices,	8
	Interrupts in 8085, Programmable Interrupt Controller 8259A, Programmable	
	Peripheral Interface 8255A, 8257 (DMA Controller), 8253/8254 (Programmable	
	Interval Timer).	
5	Introduction and architecture of 8051 Microcontroller: Internal Block Diagram, CPU,	8
	ALU, address, data and control bus, Working registers, SFRs, Clock and RESET circuits,	
	Stack and Stack Pointer, Program Counter, I/O ports, Memory Structures, Data and	
	Program Memory, Timing diagrams and Execution Cycles.	
6	<b>Programming and application of 8051 Microcontroller:</b> Programming Timer interrupts,	8
	programming external hardware interrupts, Programming the serial communication interrupts,	
	Programming 8051 timers and counters.	
	Total	40

- Hall D.V., "Microprocessor and Interfacing-Programming and Hardware", 2nd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.
- GaonkarR.S., "Microprocessor Architecture , Programming and Applications", 5th Ed., Penram International, 2007
- Stewart J, "Microprocessor Systems- Hardware, Software and Programming", Prentice Hall International Edition, 1990





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-03: Theory of Computation		
Credit: 3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the relationship between languages, grammars and automaton models.
- 2. Design automation for different strings or machine
- 3. To study the capabilities of the abstract machines.
- 4. Understanding the theoretical limits of computation and identify the NP complete and NP Hard problems
- 5. Classify machines by their power to recognize languages.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Able to classify Language and Grammar in Type0, Type1, Type2 and Type3. Design the Grammar for given string or languages.
- CO-2: Able to design the FA, PDA and TM for given string and languages.
- **CO-3:** Able to convert PDA to CFG. Able to apply the pumping lemma for regular languages
- **CO-4:** Able to demonstrate that a grammar is ambiguous. Simplification of the CFG, representations of grammars in CNF and GNF.

**CO-5:** Understanding the concepts of LBA, NP Complete and NP Hard.

S. No.	Contents	Hours	
1	Finite Automata & Regular Expression: Basic machine, Finite state machine, Transition	e state machine, Transition 8	
	graph, Transition matrix, Deterministic and nondeterministic finite automation, Equivalence		
	of DFA and NDFA, Decision properties, minimization of finite automata, Mealy & Moore		
	machines. Alphabet, words, Operations, Regular sets, relationship and conversion between		
	Finite automata and regular expression and vice versa, designing regular expressions, closure		
	properties of regular sets, Pumping lemma and regular sets, Myhill- Nerode theorem,		
	Application of pumping lemma, Power of the languages.		
2	Context Free Grammars: CFG, Derivations and Languages, Relationship between derivation	8	
	and derivation trees, leftmost and rightmost derivation, sentential forms, parsing and		
	ambiguity, simplification of CFG, normal forms, Greibach and Chomsky Normal form,		
	Problems related to CNF and GNF including membership problem.		
3	<b>PushDown Automaton:</b> Nondeterministic PDA, Definitions, PDA and CFL, CFG for PDA,	8	
	Deterministic PDA, and Deterministic PDA and Deterministic CFL, The pumping lemma for		
	CFL's, Closure Properties and Decision properties for CFL, Deciding properties of CFL.		
4	<b>Turing Machines:</b> Introduction, Definition of Turing Machine, TM as language Acceptors	8	
	and Transducers, Computable Languages and functions, Universal TM & Other modification,		
	multiple tracks Turing Machine. Hierarchy of Formal languages: Recursive & recursively		
	enumerable languages, Properties of RL and REL, Introduction of Context sensitive grammars		
	and languages, The Chomsky Hierarchy.		
5	Tractable and Un-tractable Problems: P, NP, NP complete and NP hard problems, Un-	8	
	decidability, examples of these problems like vertex cover problem, Hamiltonian path		
	problem, traveling sales man problem.		
	Total	40	

- K L P Mishra and N Chandrasekaran, Theory of Computer Science: Automata, Languages and Computation, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited
- John C. Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, McGraw-Hill
- Aho, Hopcroft and Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation, Narosa
- Cohen, Introduction to Computer Theory, Addison Wesley.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-04: Database Management Systems		
Credit: 3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)		
3L+0T+ 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand purpose of database management systems.
- 2. Apply concepts of database design and database languages (SQL based) in managing data.
- 3. Understand concepts and importance of relational algebra and relational calculus.
- 4. Importance and application of normalization in DBMS.
- 5. Knowledge of transaction, concurrency control, recovery strategies.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Describe DBMS architecture, physical and logical database designs, database models, entity-relationship model.
- CO-2: Understand relational algebra, relational calculus importance and query writing
- CO-3: Apply Structured query language (SQL) for database definition, database manipulation, data control.
- **CO-4**: Understanding of normalization theory and apply it to normalize databases.
- **CO-5**: Understand various transaction processing, concurrency control mechanisms and database protection mechanisms.

S. No.	Contents	Hours	
1	<b>Introduction to database systems:</b> Overview and History of DBMS. File System v/s DBMS.	8	
	Advantage of DBMS Describing and Storing Data in a DBMS. Queries in DBMS. Structure of		
	a DBMS.		
	Entity Relationship model: Overview of Data Design Entities, Attributes and Entity Sets,		
	Relationship and Relationship Sets. Features of the ER Model- Key Constraints, Participation		
	Constraints, Weak Entities, Class Hierarchies, Aggregation, Conceptual Data Base, and Design		
	with ER Model- Entity v/s Attribute, Entity vs Relationship Binary vs Ternary Relationship and		
	Aggregation v/s ternary Relationship Conceptual Design for a Large Enterprise.		
2	Relationship Algebra and Calculus: Relationship Algebra Selection and Projection, Set	8	
	Operations, Renaming, Joints, Division, Relation Calculus, Expressive Power of Algebra and		
	Calculus. SQL queries programming and Triggers: The Forms of a Basic SQL Query, Union,		
	and Intersection and Except, Nested Queries, Correlated Nested Queries, Set-Comparison		
	Operations, Aggregate Operators, Null Values and Embedded SQL, Dynamic SQL, ODBC and		
	JDBC, Triggers and Active Databases.		
3	Schema refinement and Normal forms: Introductions to Schema Refinement, Functional	8	
	Dependencies, Boyce-Codd Normal Forms, Third Normal Form, Normalization-		
	Decomposition into BCNF Decomposition into 3-NF.		
4	<b>Transaction Processing:</b> Introduction-Transaction State, Transaction properties, Concurrent	8	
	Executions. Need of Serializability, Conflict vs. View Serializability, Testing for Serializability,		
	Recoverable Schedules, Cascadeless Schedules.		
5	Concurrency Control: Implementation of Concurrency: Lock-based protocols, Timestamp-		
	based protocols, Validation-based protocols, Deadlock handling,		
	Database Failure and Recovery: Database Failures, Recovery Schemes: Shadow Paging and		
Log-based Recovery, Recovery with Concurrent transactions.			
	Total	40	

- H. F. Korth and Silberschatz: Database Systems Concepts, McGraw Hill
- Almasri and S. B. Navathe: Fundamentals of DataBase Systems
- Ramakrishnan: Database Management Systems
- C. J. Date: Data Base Design, Addison Wesley
- Hansen and Henson: DBM and Design, PHI





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-05: Introduction to Python Programming		
Credit: 3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)		
3L + 0T + 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Develop understanding of the fundamental concepts essential for programming.
- 2. To enable students to design algorithms, apply code and data visualized the data.
- 3. To enable students to apply python programming in problem solving.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

**CO-1:** Know the Essential concepts of Python Programming and its real time use.

**CO-2:** Design algorithms and source code.

**CO-3:** Use of suitable data structure and logic for problem solving.

S. No.	Contents	Hours	
1	<b>Introduction to Python:</b> Why Python? - Essential Python libraries - Python Introduction-Features, Data types, variables, expressions, operators, Identifiers, Reserved words, Indentation, Comments.	8	
2	Decision Making: Selective statements – if, if-else, nested if, if –elif ladder statements.  Iterative statements - while, for, Nested loops, else in loops, break, continue and pass statements.  Looping: Loop Control statement- Math and Random number functions. User-defined functions - function arguments & its types.  Strings: Formatting, Comparison, Slicing, Splitting, Stripping, Negative indices, String functions.		
3	Regular expression: Matching the patterns, Search and replace.  List: Create, Access, Slicing, Negative Indices, List Methods, and comprehensions.  Tuples: Create, Indexing and Slicing, Operations on tuples.  Dictionary: Create, add, and replace values, operations on dictionaries.  Sets: Create and operations on set.		
4	•		
5	NumPy Basics: Arrays and Vectorized Computation- The NumPy ND array- Creating ND arrays- Data Types for ND arrays- Arithmetic with NumPy Arrays- Basic Indexing and Slicing- Boolean Indexing-Transposing Arrays and Swapping Axes. Universal Functions: Fast Element-Wise Array Functions- Mathematical and Statistical Methods-Sorting Unique and Other Set Logic., Data Visualization		
	Total	40	

- Programming Python by Mark Lutz, O'Reilly.
- Learning Python, 3rd Edition by Mark Lutz, O'Reilly
- Python in a Nutshell by Alex Martelli, O'Reilly.
- Wesley J. Chun, "Core Python Programming", Prentice Hall, 2006.
- Mark Lutz, "Learning Python", O'Reilly, 4th Edition, 2009.
- Introduction to Programming using Python by Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson, 2012.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-06: Introduction to Java Programming		
Credit: 3 Max. Marks: 100 (IA:30, ETE:70)		
3L + 0T + 0P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the basic concepts and fundamentals of platform independent object-oriented language
- 2. To demonstrate skills in writing programs using exception handling techniques and multithreading.
- 3. To understand streams and efficient user interface design techniques.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Understand the features of Java such as operators, classes, objects, inheritance, packages and exception handling
- CO-2: Learn latest features of Java like garbage collection, Console class, Network interface, APIs
- CO-3: Acquire competence in Java through the use of multithreading, applets
- CO-4: Get exposure to advance concepts like socket and database connectivity.

S. No.	Contents	Hours	
1	<b>Introduction</b> : Object oriented programming principles, Java essentials, java virtual machine,	8	
	program structure in java, Java class libraries, Data types, Variables and Arrays, Data types		
	and casting, automatic type promotion in expressions, arrays. Operators and Control		
	Statements: Arithmetic operators, bit wise operators, relational operators, Boolean logical		
	operators, the ? Operator, operator precedence, Java's selection statements, iteration		
	statements, jump statements.		
2	Introduction to Classes: Class fundamentals, declaring class, creating objects, introducing	6	
	methods: method declaration, overloading, using objects as parameters, recursion,		
	Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection, the finalization.		
3	<b>Inheritance:</b> Inheritance basics, using super and final, method overriding, dynamic method	10	
	dispatch, Abstract Class, Interface: variables and extending Interfaces, Package: Creating and		
	importing packages, Package access protection, Exception Handling: Exception handling		
	fundamentals, Exception types, Uncaught Exceptions Using try and catch, multiple catch		
	clauses, nested try statements, throw, Java's built-in exceptions.		
4	Multithreaded Programming: The Java thread model, the main thread, creating thread,	10	
	creating multiple threads, using isAlive () and join (), Thread priorities, synchronization, inter		
	thread communications, suspending resuming and stopping threads.		
5	I/O Operations: I/O Basics, Reading Console Input, Writing Console Output, Reading and	6	
	Writing Files, Applets: Applet Fundamentals, Applet Architecture, The HTML Applet tag,		
	Passing parameters to Applets., Networking: Networking basics, Java and the Net, TCP/IP		
	Client Sockets URL, URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Sockets, Database connectivity.		
	Total	40	

- Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference Java 2, McGraw-Hill.
- Joyce Farrell, Java for Beginners, Cengage Learning.
- Deitel and Deitel, Java: How to Program, 6th Edition, Pearson Education.
- James Edward Keogh, Jim Keogh, J2EE: The complete Reference, McGrawHill
- Khalid A. Mughal, Torill Hamre, Rolf W. Rasmussen, Java Actually, Cengage Learning.
- Shirish Chavan, Java for Beginners, 2nd Edition, Shroff Publishers.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-21: Database Management Systems Lab		
Credit: 1.5	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+0T+3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### Course Objectives:

- 1. Installing and configuring databases such as MySQL on windows and Linux platforms along with front end tools.
- 2. Designing database for different applications and applying various DDL queries along with various Integrity constraints.
- 3. Write various DML queries using select clause with join, subqueries, group operations etc.
- 4. Creating triggers and views. Writing DCL queries for creating users, rights.
- 5. Design and Implement database including E-R model and Relational model for one application like college management, Hospital management along with front end.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

CO1: Installation of Backend and front end.

CO2: Writing DDL queries effectively.

CO3: Writing advance DML queries in MySQL.

CO4: Writing DCL queries, triggers and views.

**CO5:** Developing a web-based or client server-based application.

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

- 1. Design a Database and create required tables. For e.g. Bank, College Database
- 2. Apply the constraints like Primary Key, Foreign key, NOT NULL to the tables.
- 3. Write a SQL statement for implementing ALTER, UPDATE and DELETE.
- 4. Write the queries to implement the joins.
- 5. Write the query for implementing the following functions: MAX (), MIN (), AVG () and COUNT ().
- 6. Write the query to implement the concept of Integrity constrains.
- 7. Write the query to create the views.
- 8. Perform the queries for triggers.
- 9. Perform the following operation for demonstrating the insertion, updation and deletion
- 10. Using the referential integrity constraints.
- 11. Write the query for creating the users and their role.
- 12. **Data Base Designing Project**: For better understanding students (group of 3-4 students) should design web based project containing data base, understand the requirements and design the front end and backend of project by its own. Some example of data base design project like: College management system, Inventory management system and Hospital management system.

- Hall D. V., "Microprocessor and Interfacing-Programming and Hardware", 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.
- Gaonkar R. S., "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications", 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Penram International Publishing, 2007.
- Stewart J, "Microprocessor Systems- Hardware, Software and Programming", Prentice Hall International Edition, 1990





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-22: Microprocessor and Interfaces Lab		
Credit: 1.5	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L + 0T + 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Demonstrate the various features of microprocessor, memory and I/O devices including concepts of system bus.
- 2. Identify the hardware elements of 8085 microprocessor including architecture and pin functions and programming model including registers, instruction set and addressing modes.
- 3. Select appropriate 8085 instructions based on size and functions to write a given assembly language program.
- 4. Design a given interfacing system using concepts of memory and I/O interfacing.
- 5. Demonstrate the features of advance microprocessors.

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course/Lab the students will be able to

**CO1:** Ability to write assembly language program for data transfer and control instructions.

CO2: Ability to write assembly language program for Arithmetic calculation using register pair.

CO3: Ability to Write assembly language program for interfacing with Programmable peripheral devices.

**CO4:** Assembly language programming for general purpose problems like traffic light controller, control the speed of step motor etc.

**CO5:** To make live projects using assembly language and interfacing with PPI and see outputs on CRO and other electronic devices.

### **Suggestive List of Experiments**

- 1. Study the hardware, functions, memory structure, Instruction set and operation of 8085 microprocessor kit.
- 2. Write an assembly language program to Add/Subtract two 8-bit/16-bit number.
- 3. Write an assembly language program to Data transfer/Exchange from one memory block to another in forward and reverse order.
- 4. Write an assembly language program to generate a square wave of 1khz frequency on the SOD pin of 8085. Operating frequency of 8085 is 3 khz.
- 5. Write an assembly language program to perform following conversion:
  - (i) BCD to ASCII
  - (ii) BCD to Hexadecimal.
- 6. Write an assembly language program for Sorting of array(Ascending/Descending), Searching a number in array, find largest/smallest number in array and to generate Fibonacci series.
- 7. Design your own minimal set of ISA similar to 8085 which will compute all arithmetic and logic, memory and control instruction(you have to introduce addressing mode in ISA)

  Design microprocessor using above minimal set of ISA(experiment number 7) which will perform all computation and implement using FPGA

- Hall D. V., "Microprocessor and Interfacing-Programming and Hardware", 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.
- Gaonkar R. S., "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications", 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Penram International Publishing, 2007.
- Stewart J, "Microprocessor Systems- Hardware, Software and Programming", Prentice Hall International Edition, 1990





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester		
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))		
4CY4-23: Python Programming Lab		
Credit: 1.5	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)	
0L+ 0T+ 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours	

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide skills for designing algorithm and writing code.
- 2. To introduce students to the real word programming applications using Python.
- 3. To enable students to apply data structure & python programming code in problem solving.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Demonstrate and understanding of programming language concepts.
- **CO-2:** Identify and abstract the programming task involved for a given problem.
- **CO-3:** Design and develop modular programming skills.

CO-4: Trace and debug a program

	CO-4. Trace and debug a program.		
S. No.	Contents		
1	Installation of Python, and learning interactively at command prompt and writing simple programs.		
2	Perform Creation, indexing, slicing, concatenation, and repetition operations on Python built-in data types: Strings, List, Tuples, Dictionary, Set		
3	Solve problems using decision and looping statements		
4	Handle numerical operations using math and random number functions		
5	Create user-defined functions with different types of function arguments.		
6	Perform File manipulations- open, close, read, write, append and copy from one file to another.		
7	Matrix addition, multiplications, and unity matrix.		
8	Text processing using python , Import a CSV file and perform various Statistical and Comparison operations on rows/columns.		
9	Intrinsic NumPy objects and Random Functions. Manipulation of NumPy arrays- Indexing, Slicing, Reshaping, Joining, and Splitting.		
10	Programs related to python libraries like Numpy, Pandas, Scipy etc.		

- Beginning Python Wrox Publication Peter Norton, Alex Samuel
- Starting Out with Python (2009) Pearson, Tonny Gaddis
- Y. Daniel Liang, "Introduction to Programming using Python," Pearson, 2012.
- Wes McKinney, "Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython," O'Reilly, 2nd Edition, 2018.
- Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data," O'Reilly, 2017.





### OFFICE OF THE DEAN ACADEMICS

IV Semester			
B. Tech. (Computer Science & Engineering (Cyber Security))			
4CY4-24: Java Programming Lab			
Credit: 1.5	Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)		
0L+ 0T+ 3P	End Term Exams: 3 Hours		

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To write programs using abstract classes
- 2. To write multithreaded programs.
- 3. To write GUI programs in Java.
- 4. To impart hands on experience with java programming.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

- **CO-1:** Implement the features of Java such as operators, classes, objects, inheritance, packages and exception handling
- **CO-2:** Design problems using latest features of Java like garbage collection, Console class, Network interface, APIs
- **CO-3:** Develop competence in Java through the use of multithreading, Applets etc
- CO-4: Apply advance concepts like socket and database connectivity, and develop project based on industry orientation

S. No.	Contents
1	WAP in Java to show implementation of classes.
2	WAP in Java to show implementation of inheritance.
3	WAP in Java to show Implementation of packages and interfaces. To accomplish
4	WAP in Java to show Implementation of threads.
5	WAP in Java Using exception handling mechanisms.
6	WAP in Java to show Implementation of Applets.
7	WAP in Java to show Implementation of mouse events, and keyboard events.
8	WAP in Java to show Implementing basic file reading and writing methods.
9	Using basic networking features, WAP in Java To accomplish
10	WAP in Java to show Connecting to Database using JDBC.
11	Project work: A desktop based application project should be designed and implemented in java.

- Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference Java2, McGraw-Hill. 2.
- Deitel and Deitel, Java: How to Program, 6th Edition, Pearson Education.
- James Edward Keogh, Jim Keogh, J2EE: The complete Reference, McGrawHill